
CS 61A

Spring 2017

Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs

MOCK MIDTERM 2

INSTRUCTIONS

- You have 1 hour to complete the exam.
- The exam is closed book, closed notes, closed computer, closed calculator, except one 8.5" × 11" cheat sheet of your own creation.
- Mark your answers **on the exam itself**. We will *not* grade answers written on scratch paper.

Last name	
First name	
Student ID number	
Instructional account (cs61a-_)	
BearFacts email (_@berkeley.edu)	
TA	
Name of the person to your left	
Name of the person to your right	
<i>All the work on this exam is my own.</i> (please sign)	

1. (10 points) The Ugly Duckling

For each of the expressions in the table below, write the output displayed by the interactive Python interpreter when the expression is evaluated. If an error occurs, write "Error". If a function is displayed write **Function**, if a generator is displayed write **Generator**.

The first box has been filled in for you. Assume that you have started `python3` and executed the following statements:

```

all_ducks = []
class Duck:
    ducks = 0
    def __init__(self, name):
        self.name = name
        all_ducks.append(self)
        Duck.ducks += 1
    def __iter__(self):
        while True:
            yield all_ducks[0]
            first = all_ducks.pop(0)
            all_ducks.append(first)
    def __str__(self):
        return "String Duck"
    def __repr__(self):
        return "Duck(" + self.name + ")"
def clean(self):
    all_ducks = []
    return self

class Duckling:
    mother_duck = Duck
    def __init__(self, name):
        Duck.__init__(self, name)
        ducks = 0
    def __repr__(self):
        return "Duckling(" + \
            self.name + ")"

class Swan(Duckling):
    def __init__(self, name="autumn"):
        Duckling.__init__(self, name)
        self.mother_duck = \
            self.mother_duck("Swan")
    def __iter__(self):
        Duckling.next=Duck.__iter__(self)
        while True:
            yield next(Duckling.next)

```

```

drake = Duckling("drake")
helen = drake.mother_duck("helen")
iter1 = iter(Duck("temp"))

```

<code>print("hi")</code> <code>hi</code>	<code>Duckling.next</code>
<code>next(iter1)</code>	<code>Duck.all_ducks[0]</code>
<code>next(iter1)</code>	<code>all_ducks</code>
<code>Duck.ducks</code>	<code>next(iter1)</code>
<code>different = Swan()</code> <code>different.mother_duck.ducks</code>	<code>all_ducks[0]</code>
<code>new_iter = iter(different)</code> <code>next(new_iter)</code>	<code>clean(different.mother_duck)</code>
<code>next(iter1)</code>	<code>all_ducks</code>

2. (10 points) Lost in Links

Assume linked lists are defined as follows:

```
class Link:

    empty = ()

    def __init__(self, first, rest=empty):
        assert rest is Link.empty or isinstance(rest, Link)
        self.first = first
        self.rest = rest
```

Given a linked list and an interval $[i, j]$, reverse all elements contained between the i and j indices, inclusive. Assume the linked list is 1-indexed (first element is denoted as 1), $i < j$, and the linked list has strictly more than j elements. Mutate the linked list.

```
def indexReverse(lnk, i, j):
    """
    >>> l1 = Link(1, Link(2, Link(3)))
    >>> indexReverse(l1, 1, 2)
    >>> l1
    Link(2, Link(1, Link(3)))
    >>> l12 = Link(1, Link(2, Link(3, Link(4, Link(5)))))
    >>> indexReverse(l12, 2, 4)
    >>> l12
    Link(1, Link(4, Link(3, Link(2, Link(5)))))
    """

    dummy = _____

    for _ in _____:

        dummy = _____

    reverse = Link.empty

    cur = _____

    for _ in _____:

        next = _____

        cur.rest = _____

        reverse = _____

        cur = _____

    _____

    _____

    _____
```

3. (10 points) The Forbidden Forest (of Binary Trees)

Recall the implementation of a Tree:

```
class Tree:
    def __init__(self, label, branches=[]):
        for c in branches:
            assert isinstance(c, Tree)
        self.label = label
        self.branches = branches

    def is_leaf(self):
        return not self.branches
```

A Binary Search Tree is a tree where the left subtree contains only nodes with keys less than the node's keys, and the right subtree contains only nodes with keys greater than the node's keys. Both left and right subtree must also be Binary Search Trees.

```
class BST:
    empty = ()
    def __init__(self, entry, left=empty, right=empty):
        self.entry = entry
        self.left, self.right = left, right
```

Write a function `is_binary` that takes in a Tree, `tree`, and returns True if `tree` is a Binary Search Tree and False otherwise.

```
def is_binary(tree):
    if is_leaf(tree):
        return -----
    left = tree.left
    right = tree.right

    if -----:

        return -----

    return -----
```

Now write a function `insert` that takes in a Binary Search Tree `tree` and value `n` and inserts `n` into the tree. It mutates `tree` and the return value is also a Binary Search Tree.

```
def insert(tree, n):
    if tree is BST.empty:

        -----
    to_change = tree.left if n < tree.label else tree.right

    -----
    -----
    -----
    -----
    -----
```

What is the runtime of `is_binary` if there are `n` nodes in `tree`? What is the runtime of `insert`?

4. (10 points) Perfect Engine!

You are in an apocalyptic society and have been charged with making an n-gen, or a generator that computes all of the n-perfect numbers. However, in this apocalyptic society, **built-in AND user-defined Python multiplication is forbidden** in any form!

You have a blueprint for building a few n-gens from a natural number generator:

A 2-gen:	A 3-gen:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 ...	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 ...
1 4 9 16 25 ...	1 3 7 12 19 27 ...
	1 8 27 ...

Hint: Here is how `yield from` works. When used inside an iterable `yield from` will issue each element from another iterable as though it was issued from the first iterable. The following code is equivalent:

<pre>def generator1(): for item in generator2(): yield item # do more things in this generator</pre>	<pre>def generator1(): yield from generator2() # more things on this generator</pre>
--	--

Now its your job to build the perfect n-gen and power society out of the apocalypse! Good luck!

<pre>def nats(): """ A generator that yields all natural numbers. Might be helpful! """ curr = 0 while True: curr += 1 yield curr</pre>	<pre>def perfect_ngen(n): """ >>> two_gen = perfect_ngen(2) >>> next(two_gen) 1 >>> next(two_gen) 4 >>> next(two_gen) 9 >>> three_gen = perfect_ngen(3) >>> next(three_gen) 1 >>> next(three_gen) 8 >>> next(three_gen) 27 """ gen = create_skip(____, _____) while _____: n = _____ gen = create_skip(____, _____) return gen</pre>
<pre>def create_skip(n, gen): if n == 1: yield from _____ curr, skip = _____, _____ for elem in _____: if skip == n: _____ else: curr = _____ skip = _____ yield _____</pre>	