Functions
Welcome to CS 61A!

John DeNero
denero@berkeley.edu

Office hours in 781 Soda (starting next week)
Wed 10am–11am & Thurs 10am–11am
By appointment: denero.org/meet.html

Fastest way to get answers: piazza.com/berkeley/spring2018/cs61a

Contact me & heads of staff: cs61a@berkeley.edu
The 61A Community

44 teaching assistants (TAs), formally known at Berkeley as UGSIs:
- Teach lab & discussion sections
- Hold drop-in office hours
- Lots of other stuff: develop assignments, grade exams, etc.

50+ mentors:
- Teach mentoring sections
- Hold drop-in office hours
- Lots of other stuff: homework parties, mastery sections, etc.

250+ academic interns help answer individual questions & check your progress

1,300+ fellow students make CS 61A unique
Parts of the Course

**Lecture:** Videos posted to cs61a.org before each live lecture

**Lab section:** The most important part of this course *(next week)*

**Discussion section:** The most important part of this course *(this week)*

**Staff office hours:** The most important part of this course *(next week)*

**Online textbook:** http://composingprograms.com

Weekly homework assignments, three exams, & four programming projects

Lots of optional special events to help you complete all this work
An Introduction to Computer Science
What is Computer Science?

The study of

What problems can be solved using computation,
How to solve those problems, and
What techniques lead to effective solutions

Systems
Artificial Intelligence
Graphics
Security
Networking
Programming Languages
Theory
Scientific Computing

Decision Making
Robotics
Natural Language Processing
Answering Questions
Translation

...
...
What is This Course About?

A course about managing complexity

Mastering abstraction

Programming paradigms

An introduction to programming

Full understanding of Python fundamentals

Combining multiple ideas in large projects

How computers interpret programming languages

Different types of languages: Scheme & SQL

A challenging course that will demand a lot of you
Alternatives to CS 61A
CS 10: The Beauty and Joy of Computing

Designed for students without prior experience

A programming environment created by Berkeley, now used in courses around the world and online

An introduction to fundamentals (& Python) that sets students up for success in CS 61A

Spring 2018: Dan Garcia

20+ person waitlist

More info: http://cs10.org/sp18/
Data Science 8: Foundations of Data Science

Fundamentals of computing, statistical inference, & machine learning applied to real-world data sets

More statistics than computer science

Great programming practice for CS 61A

Cross-listed as CS C8, Stat C8, & Info C8

Spring 2018: Ani Adhikari

100+ person waitlist

More info: http://data8.org/sp18
Course Policies
Learning

Community

Course Staff

Details...

http://cs61a.org/articles/about.html
Collaboration

**Asking questions is highly encouraged**
- Discuss everything with each other; learn from your fellow students!
- Some projects can be completed with a partner
- Choose a partner from your discussion section

**The limits of collaboration**
- One simple rule: Don’t share your code, except with your project partner
- Copying project solutions causes people to fail the course
- We really do catch people who violate the rules, because...
  - We also know how to search the web for solutions
  - We use computers to check your work

**Build good habits now**
Expressions
Types of expressions

An expression describes a computation and evaluates to a value

\[ 18 + 69 \]

\[ \frac{6}{23} \]

\[ \sin \pi \]

\[ \log_2 1024 \]

\[ 2^{100} \]

\[ f(x) \]

\[ 7 \mod 2 \]

\[ | -1869| \]

\[ \sum_{i=1}^{100} i \]

\[ \sqrt{3493161} \]

\[ \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1}{x} \]

\[ (69 \choose 18) \]
Call Expressions in Python

All expressions can use function call notation

(Demo)
Anatomy of a Call Expression

Evaluation procedure for call expressions:

1. Evaluate the operator and then the operand subexpressions

2. Apply the function that is the value of the operator subexpression to the arguments that are the values of the operand subexpression
Evaluating Nested Expressions

\[
mul\left(add\left(4, mul\left(4, 6\right)\right), add\left(3, 5\right)\right)
\]
Evaluating Nested Expressions

Expression tree

Operand subexpression

Value of subexpression

Value of the whole expression

1st argument to mul

mul(add(4, mul(4, 6)), add(3, 5))

mul(add(4, mul(4, 6)), add(3, 5))

mul(add(4, mul(4, 6)), add(3, 5))

224

mul

28

add(4, mul(4, 6))

add(3, 5)

8

mul

24

add(4, mul(4, 6))

add(3, 5)

4

add

3

add

5

mul

4

mul

6

mul

4

mul

6
Functions, Values, Objects, Interpreters, and Data

(Demo)